Disciplinary Major Courses for Dental Hygiene Program

Title of Course	COMMUNITY DENTISTRY-I
Course Code	DH-CDENT 415
Duration	8 Hour a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed by 6 hours of community-based and para-clinical practices embedded to complete a Capstone project)
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus
Total Credit Hours	4 Cr. Hours (2 + 2)
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN

To fulfil the **MAJOR COURSE REQUIREMENTS** of the Higher Education Commission that include both the foundation courses as well as the major courses. This course has been introduced in the BS Program of Dental Hygiene to get the dental hygiene students acquainted with the basic principles of dental public health in close coordination with the principles of the public health.

Since dental auxiliaries are the main workforce in the Dental team that cater the public health needs and requirements and they work in close coordination with the Dentist, it is crucial that they understand the connection between the Body (general Health) and the Mouth (oral health) and help the public lessen the burden of diseases to achieve sustainable development goals. Therefore, they should learn about the basic epidemiological tools, health education and promotion, be able to assess the needs and be able to provide basic dental health care in the communities.

The students have already taken a foundational course in previous semester on Research and Evidence-based learning and a general education course on Civic and Community Engagement. Currently they will be taking a parallel course of oral screening and diagnosis which will augment the understanding about Community Dentistry. Community Dentistry course is divided into two parts, I and II. In this semester the students will learn about the basic epidemiological tools and measurement of spread of disease. It is a major course for the Dental Hygiene students and is placed in the 3rd year semester V.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of this course students will be able to:

- 1. Understand utilization of various health personnel in management of health care
- 2. Define and understand public health concepts with reference to global and local oral/ dental health issues
- 3. Identify and assess the underlying range of risk factors that determine health and particularly oral health.
- 4. Describe the basic epidemiology that contribute to the understanding spread of health and diseases conditions
- 5. Identify the oral health needs of individuals, treatment needs and demands of public
- 6. Describe epidemics of oral diseases that will contribute to the understanding underlying range of factors that determine people's health.

COURSE PLAN

WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD
1.	People's Health – An introduction - Health, public health, dental public health - Public health problems and solutions	Exposure to inter-disciplinary community visits



- Dental auxiliary role in health team - Role of government in public health - Environmental Health - Public health & Principles of public health - Inequalities in health (needs and demands) 2. Assessment for community dental health: - Core community functions - Changing perspectives of health - Social Determinants of health - Risk assessment 3. Overview of epidemiology: - Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys			
- Role of government in public health - Environmental Health - Public health & Principles of public health - Inequalities in health (needs and demands) 2. Assessment for community dental health: - Core community functions - Changing perspectives of health - Social Determinants of health - Risk assessment 3. Overview of epidemiology: - Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam II. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases II. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer - Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries I4. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases		- Interprofessional collaborative practice	Stude
- Environmental Health - Public health & Principles of public health - Inequalities in health (needs and demands) 2. Assessment for community dental health: - Core community functions - Changing perspectives of health - Social Determinants of health - Risk assessment 3. Overview of epidemiology: - Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test - Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries - Mid-term exam II. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases III. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer III. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer III. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer III. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries III. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			parall
- Public health & Principles of public health - Inequalities in health (needs and demands) 2. Assessment for community dental health: - Core community functions - Changing perspectives of health - Social Determinants of health - Risk assessment 3. Overview of epidemiology: - Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases		 Role of government in public health 	clinica
2. Assessment for community dental health:		 Environmental Health 	identi
2. Assessment for community dental health: - Core community functions - Changing perspectives of health - Social Determinants of health - Risk assessment 3. Overview of epidemiology: - Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test - Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries - Mid-term exam - Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status - Il. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases - Identification of Oral Cancer			condi
- Core community functions - Changing perspectives of health - Social Determinants of health - Risk assessment 3. Overview of epidemiology: - Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			focus
- Changing perspectives of health - Social Determinants of health - Risk assessment 3. Overview of epidemiology: - Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases	2.		comm
- Social Determinants of health - Risk assessment 3. Overview of epidemiology: - Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam III. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			and ri
- Risk assessment 3. Overview of epidemiology: - Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam III. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status III. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases III. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer III. Epidemiology and identification and Traumatic Dental Injuries III. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			
3. Overview of epidemiology:			Stude
- Epidemiology triangle - Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects (03 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			labora
- Uses of epidemiology - Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases	3.		indice
- Epidemiological studies - Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			expos
- Associations and causations - Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			screei
- Measuring associations - Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			
- Confounding effects 4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			Minim
4. Quantitative and qualitative approaches to study diseases: - Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			(03) c
diseases:	4		achiev
- Recall topics of research - Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases		diseases:	one
- Surveys - Sampling 5. Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination 6. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases	48		indepe
- Sampling Overview of oral epidemiology: - Recall screening and oral health examination B. Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices Class test Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries Mid-term exam D. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries Lepidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			DCP
- Recall screening and oral health examination Measuring dental diseases: - Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices Class test Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries Mid-term exam Diseases Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			epider
6. Measuring dental diseases:	5.	Overview of oral epidemiology:	
- Identification criteria of measuring dental diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases		 Recall screening and oral health examination 	
diseases - Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases	6.		
- Counts, proportions, rates, ratios and Indices 7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases	100	- Identification criteria of measuring dental	
7. Class test 8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases	100	The second secon	
8. Epidemiology and measurement of dental caries 9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases	7		
9. Mid-term exam 10. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status 11. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			
II. Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene status II. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases IZ. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer IS. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries I4. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			
status II. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases IZ. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer I3. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries I4. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases			
Status II. Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal Diseases IZ. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer I3. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries I4. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases I4. I4. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases I4. I4	10.	Epidemiology and measurement of oral hygiene	
Diseases 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases		status	
 12. Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer 13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases 	11.	Epidemiology and measurement of Periodontal	
13. Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases	(D		
Injuries 14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases		Epidemiology and identification of Oral Cancer	
14. Epidemiology of Fluorosis & other oral Diseases	13.	Epidemiology of Malocclusion and Traumatic Dental	
The state of the s	14		
15. Final Examination			
	15.	Final Examination	

Students are already taking parallel course in chair-side clinical examination in the identification of different oral conditions; therefore, their focus in this course should be community – based screening and risk assessment

Students will be calibrated in laboratory for the use of indices before they are exposed to community-based screening

Minimum requirement of two (03) community visits must be achieved out of which at least one visit must be planned independently by group of DCP students to conduct epidemiological surveys

LEARNING RESOURCES AND TEXTBOOKS:

Community Oral Health Practices for Dental Hygienist by Christine French Beatty, 5th edition.
 Published by Elsevier

Reference Book

- Concepts in Dental Public Health 2nd Edition by Jill Mason Publisher Lippincott Williams & Wilkins (Online available)
- 3. Oral health epidemiology- principles and practice by Amit Chattopadhayay. Jones and Barlett Publishers

Title of Course	COMMUNITY DENTISTRY- II
Course Code	DH-CDENT 415
Duration	8 clock hours a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed by 6 hours of community based and chair-side clinical and para-clinical preventive practices)
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus
Total Credit Hours	4 Cr. Hours (2 + 2)
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN

To fulfil the **MAJOR COURSE REQUIREMENTS** of the Higher Education Commission that include both the foundation courses as well as the major courses. This course has been introduced in the BS Program of Dental Hygiene to get the dental hygiene students acquainted with the basic principles of dental public health in close coordination with the principles of the public health.

Since dental auxiliaries are the main workforce in the Dental team that cater the public health needs and requirements and they work in close coordination with the Dentist, it is crucial that they understand the connection between the Body (general Health) and the Mouth (oral health) and help the public lessen the burden of diseases to achieve sustainable development goals. Therefore, they should learn about the basic epidemiological tools, health education and promotion, be able to assess the needs and be able to provide basic dental health care in the communities.

The students have already taken a foundational course in previous semester on Research and Evidence-based learning and a general education course on Civic and Community Engagement. Currently they will be taking a parallel course of oral screening and diagnosis which will augment the understanding about Community Dentistry. Community Dentistry course is divided into two parts, I and II. In this semester the students will learn beyond the basic epidemiological tools and measurement of spread of disease, and study about health promotion methods. It is a major course for the Dental Hygiene students and is placed in the 3rd year semester VI.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of this course students will be able to:

- 1. Define and understand basic dental public health practices and promotion
- 2. Deliver basic package of primary oral health care including in communities and institutional groups
- Integrate the understanding of oral health needs of individuals and assist them in the development of appropriate and individualized self-care regimens and promote healthy behaviors.
- 4. Deliver oral health education in different communities and outreach programs.

COURSE PLAN

WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD
1.	Introduction to community dental programs planning: - Improving oral health in the community	Exposure to civic and community engagement activities
	 Program planning process Identifying primary health issues Implementation of programs 	Students have already learnt the chair-side and community-based screening and examination, now



	- How to measure effectiveness of program	it's time that students learn to the
	Access and barriers to care	basic oral health care provision in
2.		practice like that highlighted as
	Primary healthcare: - Ottawa Charter	BPOC (ART, AFT, OHI and OUT)
	- Components of PHC	Bi GG (/titl,/ti l, Grii and GG)
	- Oral health disparities	Students will practice ART in
	The second secon	laboratory limited to models and
3.	Community – based approaches to management strategies	mannequins.
4.	Basic Package of Oral Health Care	
	- Oral Hygiene Instructions	Minimum requirement of two (03)
	- Atraumatic restorative treatment	community visits must be
	- Availability of Affordable Fluoridated	achieved out of which at least one
	Toothpaste	visit must be planned
	- Oral Urgent Treatment	independently by group of DCP
5.	Practicing basic oral healthcare for different	students
	population groups	100 A 200 A
	School based oral health programs based on	
	BPOC	10.740
6.	Class test	"现在路
7.	Social responsibility and ethics	
8.	Behavioral management theories	700° v 1000
-	MIDTERM EXAMINATION	
	Application of behavioral management	- Total
9.	Counselling and motivational interviewing	The results of evidencial size
9.	Introduction to health promotion	The results of epidemiological
10.	- Theories and strategies Community Oral Health Education	surveys conducted in the earlier semester will be used to plan
10.	Developing educational material	Health education and promotion
11.	Health communication and health information	program through community-
	technology	engagement and delivery
	- Creating and delivering health	programs in clinics and
- 9	communication	communities
	- Formats for different audiences	
12.	Service- learning	These programs may integrate
	- Preparing dental hygienists for	primary preventive strategies
	collaborative practices	studied in the parallel Preventive
	- Benefits of interprofessional collaboration	Dentistry course in the same
	Risk management in service-learning	semester in clinics and
13.	Role of Tobacco use and its health impacts	communities for dental caries
	Anti-tobacco uses initiatives	using available preventive
	Role of poor oral hygiene	methods
14.	Role of diet and nutrition on oral self-care	Control of the Contro
	Role of unhealthy diet and lifestyle modification	
	FINAL EXAMINATION	
		The state of the s

Community Oral Health Practices for Dental Hygienist by Christine French Beatty, 5th edition. Published by Elsevier

REFERENCE BOOK

- Concepts in Dental Public Health 2nd Edition by Jill Mason Publisher Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Comprehensive Preventive Dentistry edited by Hardy Limeback. Published by Wiley Blackwell
- 3.

Title of Course	PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY- I
Course Code	DH-PDENT 416
Duration	8 Hour a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed by 6 hours of community based and chair-side clinical and para-clinical preventive practices)
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus
Total Credit Hours	4 Cr. Hours (2 + 2)
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN

To fulfil the MAJOR DISCIPLINARY COURSE REQUIREMENTS of the Higher Education Commission that include both the foundation courses as well as the major courses. This course hasbeen introduced in the BS Program of Dental Hygiene to get the dental hygiene students acquainted with the prevention of oral and systemic diseases.

Since dental auxiliaries are the main workforce in the Dental team that cater the public health needs and requirements and they work in close coordination with the Dentist, it is crucial that they understand the connection between the Body (general Health) and the Mouth (oral health) and help the public lessen the burden of diseases to achieve sustainable development goals. Therefore, they should learn about the basic preventive and primary dental health care management tools, health education and promotion, be able to assess the needs and be able to provide basic dental health care in the communities.

The students are already taking a parallel course of Community dentistry in this semester where they are studying about oral health promotion and education; therefore, this course will focus more on primary oral healthcare and prevention as managed by the dental hygienists both in clinics and in community. Preventive Dentistry is a lengthy subject therefore this course has been divided into two parts, I and II. It is a major course for the Dental Hygiene students and is placed in the 3rd year as well as in final year in both semester VI and semester VII respectively.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will be able to:

- l. Describe, understand and outline the knowledge and applications of chair-side and community-based prevention of common oral diseases affecting systemic health in clinical and community settings.
- 2. Encourage patients/clients to assume responsibility for their health and promote adherence to self-care regimens.
- Deliver supervised fluoride applications in clinical settings.

COURSE PLAN

WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD
1.	Introduction to primary preventive dentistry	Didactic component will comprise
2.	Dental hygiene science	power point lectures and tutorials
3.	Recall identified carious lesions in oral epidemiology - Dental plaque and biofilm	in the class on the topics outlined subsequently.
	- Carious lesions	In-service learning for the delivery
4.	Host-defense mechanism in oral cavity	of primary prevention can be

6|Page

	Connection between arel and general health hi	integrated with the parallel course	
	Connection between oral and general health – bi- directional relationship	Community Dentistry taught in the	
5.	Oral health care and plaque control - Toothbrushing methods - Use of plaque disclosing agents	same semester. Before applying primary	
6.	Oral health care and plaque control – mechanical use - Other dentifrices - Flossing and other interdental methods	preventive methods and strategies in the community and clinics the students must learn in laboratory	
7.	Class test		
8.	Oral health care and plaque control – chemical use - Mouthwashes - Implant dentures and self-care		
	MIDTERM EXAMINATION		
9.	Oral health care and plaque control - In patients with implant dentures - Other self- care adjuncts - Counselling methods	Presentations by students on preventive oral health related topics, oral health education and promotion amongst different	
10.	Prevention of dental caries	populations will also be included in practical hours. Fluoride applications	
11.	Class test	夏 柳 蓮	
12.	Different fluoride delivery methods - Topical – clinical based	11	
13.	Different fluoride delivery methods - Topical – Home based - Topical – community based	S	
14.	Different fluoride delivery methods - Water fluoridation Other systemic delivery		
	FINAL EXAMINATION		

1. Primary Preventive Dentistry by Norman and Franklin et al. Pearson New International Edition. Published by Pearson

Reference books

- 2. Comprehensive Preventive dentistry edited by Hardy Limeback. Publisher Wiley-Blackwell (Available online)
- 3. Preventive dentistry by Leon M Silverstone (available online)

Title of Course	PERIODONTOLOGY- I
Course Code	DH-PERIO 416
Duration	8 Hour a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed by 6 hours of community based and chair-side clinical and para-clinical preventive practices)
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus
Total Credit Hours	4 Cr. Hours (2 + 2)
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN

To fulfil the MAJOR DISCIPLINARY COURSE REQUIREMENTS of the Higher Education Commission that include both the foundation courses as well as the major courses. This course is a major discipline course and has been introduced in the BS Program of Dental Hygiene to get the dental hygiene students acquainted with the basic periodontal management.

Periodontology deals with the study of supporting structures of teeth, as well as diseases and conditions that affects them. The supporting tissues are known as the periodontium, which includes the gingiva (gums), alveolar bone, cementum, and the periodontal ligament. A periodontist is a qualified dentist that specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of periodontal disease. But since the dental auxiliaries are the main workforce in the Dental team that cater both the public health needs and requirements as well as in the clinical auxiliary settings in close coordination with the Dentist, it is crucial that they understand the preventive strategies that includes prophylactic periodontal care in the context of connection between the Body (general Health) and the Mouth (oral health). They must understand that the gum diseases have a bi-directional relationship with the communicable and the non-communicable diseases and the general body suffers if the gums are found bleeding or with calculus and plaque. Oral hygiene therefore is a mandatory requirement to keep the general body fit and healthy.

Periodontology is a lengthy subject therefore this course has been divided into two parts. It is a major course for the Dental Hygiene students and is placed in the 3rd year as well as in the final year in semester VI and semester VII respectively. The practical component of this course will be integrated with the parallel courses in preventive dentistry to deal with prevention of periodontal diseases.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will be able to:

- 1. Identify poor periodontal conditions and classify them into diseased and healthy status
- 2. Identify the risk factors related to periodontitis and gingivitis
- 3. Measure pocket depth and clinical attachment loss at the chair-side periodontal screening
- 4. Develop appropriate and individualized self-care periodontal regimens.
- 5. Promote preventive periodontal health behaviors by personally striving to maintain optimal oral and general health.
- 6. Encourage patients/clients to assume responsibility for their health and promote adherence to self-careregimens.
- 7. Act as a primary care provider for individuals and groups of patients who require periodontal care

COURSE PLAN

WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD
1.	Introduction to periodontology	III. III.

SUPPLIES OF HEALT OF

	Revision of periodontal structures and anatomy	Clinical observation and	
2.	Applications of physiology, biochemistry and pathology concepts in periodontology	dental assistance	
3.	Periodontal examination and clinical disease measurements	Dental assistance History	
4.	Revision of etiological, risk and determining factors of periodontal diseases	taking	
5.	Types and classification of periodontal diseases Importance and applications of history taking	Measuring pocket depths	
6.	Gingival enlargement and pocketing Measuring pockets and gingival recessions		
7.	Patient seating in clinics Chair positioning for different periodontal procedures	Patient seating and tray setting	
8.	Basics of instrumentation in periodontology Tray setting	Instrument sharpening	
	MIDTERM EXAMINATION		
9.	Theories of Scaling Basics of methods and procedures Hand instrumentation	Sterilization and disinfection Dental assistance and oral hygiene instructions	
10.	Chemical agents in periodontal care Maintenance for periodontal patient		
11.	Disinfection of working area Disinfection of patients' oral cavity and area around Sterilization of periodontal instruments		
12.	Sharpening of periodontal instruments	Sterilization and disinfection	
13.	Revision of periodontal hygiene aids and methods Post-operative instructions Motivational interviewing to enhance patientmotivation for change	Dental assistance and oral hygiene instructions At least five (05) Hand scaling procedures undersupervision	
14.	Periodontal treatment referral and management		

Foundations for periodontics for the dental hygienist by Jill S Neild-Gehrig and Donald E Willmann 3rdedition Lippincott Williams & Wilkins (available online free downloads)
 Color atlas of dental hygiene- Periodontology by Herbert F Wolf and Thomas M Hassell, Thieme

(available online free download)

Title of Course	PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY- II
Course Code	DH-PDENT 427
Duration	8 clock hours a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed by 6 hours of community based and chair-side clinical and para-clinical preventive practices)
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus
Total Credit Hours	4 Cr. Hours (2 + 2)
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN

To fulfil the **MAJOR DISCIPLINARY COURSE REQUIREMENTS** of the Higher Education Commission that include both the foundation courses as well as the major courses. This course hasbeen introduced in the BS Program of Dental Hygiene to get the dental hygiene students acquainted with the prevention of oral and systemic diseases.

The placement of this subject is in 4th year, semester-VII of BS-DCP Dental Hygiene. The students have already taken course of Community Dentistry in previous semesters and also studied the part- I of the Preventive Dentistry course. In this current course the students will enhance knowledge and understanding of preventive procedures related to gums and soft tissues

and enlighten them on how to effectively promote patients' oral health care and instruct prevent measures to oral disease. Orients students to current updated literatures includes evidence-based preventive management and interventions that dentists and allied dental providers will utilize during patient assessment. Preventive dentistry is a comprehensive approach that calibrates the entire dental team, determining individualized care and education of each patient in the dental practice.

Preventive Dentistry is a lengthy subject therefore this course has been divided into two parts, I and II. It is a major course for the Dental Hygiene students and is placed in the 3rd year as well as in final year in both semester VI and semester VII respectively.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will be able to:

- 1. Deliver supervised fissure sealants and atraumatic restorative treatment in clinical settings.
- 2. Learn to know the preventive methods for the following preventable diseases. i.e. Prevention of Periodontal Disease, Oral cancer, Dental Trauma.
- 3. Implement preventive measures for each of the specified diseases

COURSE PLAN

WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD
1.	Prevention of dental caries Pits and fissure sealants in community- based settings (hand instrumentation)	Didactic component will comprise power point lectures and tutorials in the class on the topics outlined
2.	Prevention of dental caries Pits and fissure sealants in clinical setting	subsequently.
3.	Pediatric care and prevention Early childhood caries (ECC)	In-service learning for the delivery of primary prevention can be integrated

CARE PAR 10 | Page

	Techniques to manage a child visiting for	with Denti
	dental care using positive reinforcement	
	and social learning theories	seme
4.	Technological advances in primary dental	Befor
	care	meth
	Immunization	1/248/11/03/1/4/5/1
	Gene replacement therapy	comn
5.	Prevention of Dental Trauma	must
	Safe school initiative programs	la la
	Athletic mouthguards	In la
6.	Class test	super
7.	Prevention for the Population with	applic
	developmental disabilities	stude
	Soft tissue prevention	super
	Hard tissue preventions (non-carious	proce
	lesions)	exerc
8.	Prevention of malocclusion	parall
	Mid-term exam	same
9.	Prevention of Periodontal Diseases	
10.	Effectiveness of plaque control methods	Mary Printers
	for systemically diseased population and	
	high-risk patients	
11.	Calculus Removal Methods:	
	Needs and requirements for professional	
	care and Prophylaxis for medically	
	compromised patients	
12.	Prophylactic use of antibiotics	
	Hazards of over use of antibiotics	
13.	Prevention of Oral Cancers	
14.	Revision	
15.	Final exam	
THE RESERVE		

with the parallel course Community Dentistry taught in the same semester.

Before applying primary preventive methods and strategies in the community and clinics the students must learn in laboratory

In laboratory and clinical (under supervision) practices will include application of fissure sealants and students assisting each other (under supervision) during scaling procedures in the clinic. These exercises can be integrated with the parallel course Periodontology in the same semester.

LEARNING RESOURCES AND TEXTBOOKS:

1. Primary Preventive Dentistry by Norman and Franklin et al. Pearson New International Edition. Published by Pearson

Reference books

- 2. Comprehensive Preventive dentistry edited by Hardy Limeback. Publisher Wiley-Blackwell (Available online)
- 3. Preventive dentistry by Leon M Silverstone (available online)
- 4. Clinical Textbook of Dental Hygiene and Therapy, 2nd Edition by Suzanne L Noble Publisher Wiley-Blackwell (Online available) with special focus on Chapters 11, 13, 19 and 20

Title of Course	PERIODONTOLOGY- II
Course Code	DH-PERIO 427
Duration	8 clock hours a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed by 6 hours of community based and chair-side clinical and para-clinical preventive practices)
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus
Total Credit Hours	4 Cr. Hours (2 + 2)
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN

To fulfil the MAJOR DISCIPLINARY COURSE REQUIREMENTS of the Higher Education Commission that include both the foundation courses as well as the major courses. This course is a major discipline course and has been introduced in the BS Program of Dental Hygiene to get the dental hygiene students acquainted with the basic periodontal management.

Periodontology deals with the study of supporting structures of teeth, as well as diseases and conditions that affects them. The supporting tissues are known as the periodontium, which includes the gingiva (gums), alveolar bone, cementum, and the periodontal ligament. A periodontist is a qualified dentist that specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of periodontal disease. But since the dental auxiliaries are the main workforce in the Dental team that cater both the public health needs and requirements as well as in the clinical auxiliary settings in close coordination with the Dentist, it is crucial that they understand the preventive strategies that includes prophylactic periodontal care in the context of connection between the Body (general Health) and the Mouth (oral health). They must understand that the gum diseases have a bi-directional relationship with the communicable and the non-communicable diseases and the general body suffers if the gums are found bleeding or with calculus and plaque. Oral hygiene therefore is a mandatory requirement to keep the general body fit and healthy.

Periodontology is a lengthy subject therefore this course has been divided into two parts. It is a major course for the Dental Hygiene students and is placed in the 3rd year as well as in the final year in semester VI and semester VII respectively. The practical component of this course will be integrated with the parallel courses in preventive dentistry to deal with prevention of periodontal diseases.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of this course students will be able to:

- 1. Provide effective periodontal care in the primary, secondary and tertiary levels of dental health care settings.
- 2. Apply scientific principles to the provision of periodontal care to the patients suffering from poor systemic conditions pertinently non-communicable diseases.
- 3. Plan and provide multidisciplinary oral health care for a wide variety of patients including patients with special needs.

COURSE PLAN

WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD
1.	Difference between supra gingival and sub gingival calculus and composition	At least 5 scaling usinghand instrumentations
2.	Introduction to ultrasonic scaling Theory and	



	mechanics Shapes of scaling tipsSpeed and vibrations	Clinical observations for	
3.	3. Basics of ultrasonic scalingProcedures and methods Clinical observation ultrasonic scaling		
4.	Requirements of disinfection and sterilization in ultrasonic scaling Tray setting	At least 25 procedures in periodontology clinic of Clinical assistance through	
5.	Chair positioning for ultrasonic scaling Patient readiness	four-handed dentistry concept including dental	
6.	Pre-scaling prophylactic measures	assistance for periodontal	
7.	Requirement of four handed dentistry in ultrasonic scaling	surgical procedures	
8.	Proper way of suctioning Suction positions		
	MIDTERM EXAMINATION		
9.	Hazards of ultrasonic scaling	At least 10 procedures of	
10.	Polishing Prophy pastes	ultrasonic scaling including at least five (05) procedures	
11.	Sub-gingival professional calculus removal Root of root planing supervision including		
12.	Requirement of anesthesia for root planning	operative instructions and counselling	
13.	Post-operative instructions Special instructions for pain and hypersensitivity	Clinical observations and dental assistance	
14.	Post-operative care and managementGingival clefts Basics of periodontal surgical proceduresPeriodontal dressings		

- Foundations for periodontics for the dental hygienist by Jill S Neild-Gehrig and Donald E Willmann 3rdedition Lippincott Williams & Wilkins (available online free downloads)

 2. Color atlas of dental hygiene- Periodontology by Herbert F Wolf and Thomas M Hassell, Thieme
- (available online free download)
- Manual for Preventive Dentistry I-II and Clinical Periodontics I-II (Online available)

Title of Course	BASICS OF HEALTH CARE MANAGEMENT
Course Code	DH-BHCM 407
Duration	8 clock hours a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed by 6 hours of community based and chair-side clinical and para-clinical dental health care management and services)
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus
Total Credit Hours	4 Cr. Hours (2 + 2)
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN

To fulfil the current MAJOR DISCIPLINARY COURSE REQUIREMENTS of the Higher Education Commission, this course has been introduced in the BS- Dental Hygiene Program to get the students acquainted majorly with the basics of health care management services.

The course is placed in 4th year semester VII for the Dental Hygiene students.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of this course students will be able to:

- Understand the utilization of various health personnel in the management of health care. 1.
- To function effectively provide oral health care in the outpatient setting and a hospital setting. 2.
- To apply scientific principles to the provision of oral health care. 3.
- To plan and provide multidisciplinary oral health care for a wide variety of patients including 4. patients with special needs.

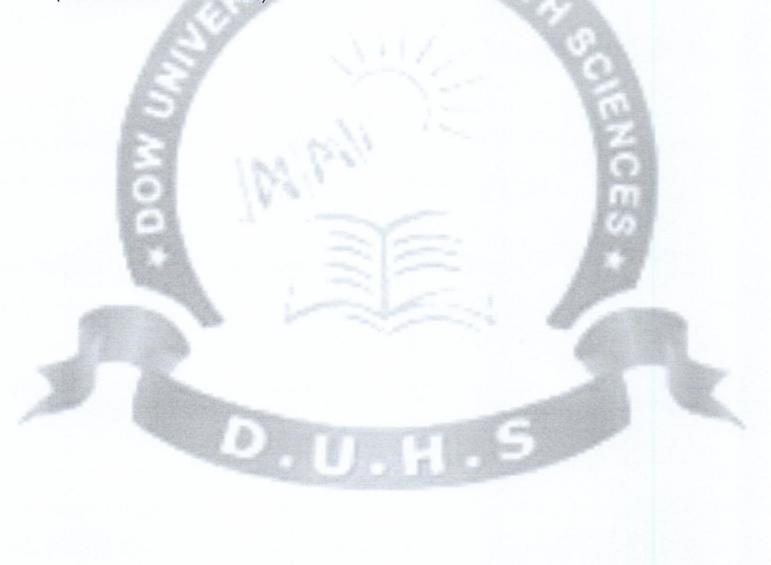
COLIDEE DI ANI

COURSE PL WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD
1.	Introduction to health care systems Types of health care settings and systems	Hospital set-up visits and
2.	Public sector settings Governmental organization and structure	reporting (written reports)
3.	Private settings and structure Private dental settings Public-private partnership	
4.	Community services Safety nets Role of non-government organizations Dental laboratory set-ups	
5.	Basics of health administration Organization structure Private practice structure	
6.	Basics of health care management Clinical set-ups and resource management	
7.	Human resource management Dental team management Role of auxiliary in dental practice	
8.	Staffing and training Leadership, managerial and administrator ship skills	



	MIDTERM EXAMINATION	
9.	Health care planning cycle	
10.	Basics of Health economics Dental financing	Community visits and report
11.	Payment plans	writing
12.	Dental diary and scheduling Dental reception	
13.	Clinical governance	
14.	Clinical risk management Ethical practice Code of conduct	
	FINAL EXAMINATION	

1. Essentials of Management for healthcare professionals by Hari Singh, Taylor & Francis Group (available online free downloads)



Title of Course	AUXILIARY MANAGEMENT IN ORTHODONTICS		
Course Code	DH-AORTH 408		
Duration	11 clock hours a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed lecture of para-clinical/ auxiliary, preventive and community-bapractices)		
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus		
Total Credit Hours	5 Cr. Hours (2 + 3)		
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN		

To fulfil the current MAJOR DISCIPLINARY, FIELD EXPERIENCE AND CAPSTONE PROJECT WORK REQUIREMENTS of the Higher Education Commission, this course has been introduced in the BS-Dental Hygiene Program to get the students acquainted with the dental auxiliary practices in the specialized dental clinics.

The course is placed in 4th year semester VIII and is major course for the BS-DCP Dental Hygiene.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of this course students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the role of dental hygienist in clinical and paraclinical orthodontic practice
- Perform and accurately document dental and periodontal findings after calibrated examinations
- Obtain radiographs of diagnostic quality and distinguish normal from abnormal findings.
- 4. Implement and evaluate measures to minimize occupational hazards in the work place and utilize accepted infection control procedures
- Communicate professional knowledge verbally with specialists and other professionals.

COURSE PLAN

WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD	
1.	Clinical photography for records	Clinical assistance and clinical	
2.	Impressions and recording occlusal relationships	observation	
3.	Cephalometric radiography Tracing cephalography	Tray set-ups	
4.	Identifying types of clasps and extra-oral orthodonticappliances	Maintaining infection control and ensuring sterilization	
5.	Placing separators		
6.	Sizing metal bands Cementation Loosing bands Patient preparation Patient counselling Taking impressions		
7.	Preparation of teeth for bonding fixed attachments and fixed retainers		
8.	Indirect bonding of brackets		
	Mid-term exam		
9.	Oral hygiene instructions for orthodontics patients Habit breaking motivational interviewing	Perform auxiliary procedures as indicated by orthodontist under	
10.	Placing arch wires	supervision	



	Replacing ligatures	
10.	Removing fixed orthodontic attachments and retainers	Record keeping and maintenance
11.	Trial fitting of removable appliances Making study and patient models	Integrate clinical hours to finish
13.	Removing adhesives using slow speed handpiece	Capstone Project
14.	REVISION	

- 1. Orthodontic Basic aspects and clinical considerations Edited by Prof. Farid Bourzgui. Intechopen Publisher (available online- free downloads)
- 2. Handbook of Dental Hygienist- handbook of BSc level dental hygiene program. E-Book supported by European Social Fund (online available)



Title of Course	AUXILIARY MANAGEMENT IN MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY	
Course Code	DH-AMAXF 408	
Duration	11 Hours a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed by 9 hours of para-clinical/ auxiliary, preventive and community-based practices)	
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus	
Total Credit Hours	5 Cr. Hours (2 + 3)	
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN	

To fulfil the current MAJOR DISCIPLINARY, FIELD EXPERIENCE AND CAPSTONE PROJECT WORK REQUIREMENTS of the Higher Education Commission, this course has been introduced in the BS-Dental Hygiene Program to get the students acquainted with the dental auxiliary practices in the specialized dental clinics.

The course is placed in 4th year semester VIII and is major course for the BS-DCP Dental Hygiene.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of this course students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the role of dental hygienist in clinical and paraclinical maxillofacial surgery unit practice
- 2. Perform and accurately document dental and periodontal findings after calibrated examinations
- 3. Obtain radiographs of diagnostic quality and distinguish normal from abnormal findings.
- 4. Implement and evaluate measures to minimize occupational hazards in the work place and utilize accepted infection control procedures
- 5. Communicate professional knowledge verbally with specialists and other professionals.
- 6. Provide primary and preventive basic clinical management
- 7. Refer complicated cases to the dentists/ graduate dental surgeons

COURSE PLAN

WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD
1.	Introduction to maxillo facial surgery clinic set-up Communicating with the specialist	Clinical assistance and clinical observation
2.	Art of history taking Steps in history taking Clinical examinationIntra and extra oral	History taking, basic information
3.	Taking vitals Basics of Clinical diagnostic aids	collection and communication
4.	Managing medically compromised patients in oral surgery Classification Referral to specialist	Assisting specialist on chair-side and operation theatre surgical procedures Handling instruments
5.	Armamentarium used in oral and maxillo facial surgery Forceps, Holders, tongs and clips,	Surgical suctioning Assisting specialist insuturing
	Retractors and outh props, Scalpels, Scissors, Blades, Sutures and needles Elevators, Probes, Raspatory, Scoops and curettes, Chisel and bone cutters, Osteotome, mallet,	Infection control
	gouge, Suction and tubing, Wires, hooks and plates	Following and implementation of standard operating procedures

CARE 18 | Page

6.	Basic of suturing and knots	for infection control and
0.	Removing suture after headling	biohazard management
7.	Asepsis and sterilization in oral surgery Cleansing instruments Scrubbing and hand washing techniques Biohazard management Reporting needlestick injuries	Basic and preventive clinical practice under specialist supervision Assisting specialist through four-
	Handling and seating HIV/ Hepatitis infected patient	handed dentistry
8.	Grade-3 mobile tooth extraction under infiltration orspray/ topical anesthesia Dry socket and its management	Record keeping and maintenance
	Mid-term exam	Integrate clinical hours to
9.	Basic applications of anesthesia in oral surgery Tray set-up/ equipment for anesthesia Other sedation techniques Short anesthesia in dental chair Complications of general anesthesia	finish Capstone Project
10.	Basics of Hemostasis Cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR)	(3)
10.	History and essential management of trauma patientswith and without fractures History and essential management of TMJ ankylosis	
11.	Suction techniques in surgical procedures	夏 安 選
13.	Performing four-handed dentistry in maxillofacial surgery Assisting specialist in oral surgery	京
14.	REVISION	

- 1. Jaypee's Textbook of oral and maxillofacial surgery by Neelima Anil Malik, 2nd edition (available online free downloads)
- 2. Oral and maxillofacial surgery instrumentation (available online free downloads)
- 3. Peri-Implant Therapy for the Dental Hygienist- clinical guide to maintenance and disease complications by Susan S Wingrove. Wiley-Blackwell Publisher
- 4. Handbook of Dental Hygienist- handbook of BSc level dental hygiene program. E-Book supported by European Social Fund (online available)

Title of Course	AUXILIARY MANAGEMENT IN PROSTHODONTICS	
Course Code	DH-APROS 408	
Duration	11 Hours a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed by 9 hours of para-clinical/ auxiliary, preventive and community-based practices)	
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus	
Total Credit Hours	5 Cr. Hours (2 + 3)	
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN	

To fulfil the current MAJOR DISCIPLINARY, FIELD EXPERIENCE AND CAPSTONE PROJECT WORK REQUIREMENTS of the Higher Education Commission, this course has been introduced in the BS-Dental Hygiene Program to get the students acquainted with the dental auxiliary practices in the specialized dental clinics.

The course is placed in 4th year semester VIII and is major course for the BS-DCP Dental Hygiene.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of this course students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the role of dental hygienist in clinical and paraclinical prosthodontic jurisdiction practice
- 2. Perform and accurately document partial dental and edentulous findings after calibrated examinations
- 3. Obtain radiographs of diagnostic quality and distinguish normal from abnormal findings.
- 4. Implement and evaluate measures to minimize occupational hazards in the work place and utilize accepted infection control procedures
- 5. Communicate professional knowledge verbally with specialists and other professionals.
- 6. Provide primary and preventive basic clinical management
- 7. Refer cases to the dentists/ graduate dental surgeons

COURSE PLAN

WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD
1.	Introduction to oral rehabilitation	Clinical assistance and clinical
2.	Equipment used in prosthodontics	observation
3.	Instruments used in prosthodontics	
4.	Material used in prosthodontics	History taking, basic information
5.	Sterilization and impression handling in prosthodontics	collection and communication
6.	Classification of removable dental prostheses History taking requirements Examination and dental charting of patient Design and Uses of prostheses Advantages/ disadvantages Indications/ contra-indications	Assisting specialist on chair-side and Handling instruments Assisting specialist in crown and bridge procedures at chair-side
7.	Classification of fixed dental prosthesis History taking requirements Examination and dental charting of patient Design and Uses of prostheses Advantages/	Infection control while impression taking, transferring model after pouring to the dental laboratory

CARE 20 | Page

	disadvantages	Taking care of infection control
	Indications/ contra-indications	protocol while tray setting
8.	Class test	
	Mid-term exam	Following and implementation of
9.	Material selection, handling and manipulation Impressions Waxes	standard operating procedures for infection control and biohazard management
	Model pouring	
10.	Different impression techniques	Basic and preventive clinical
10.	Patient counselling and communication skills	practice under specialist
11.	Teeth shade selection and shade charting	supervision
13.	Denture insertion and assisting specialists in prosthodontic clinics	Assisting specialist through four-
14.	REVISION	handed dentistry
		Record keeping and maintenance
Á		Integrate clinical hours to finish Capstone Project

1. Handbook of Dental Hygienist- handbook of BSc level dental hygiene program. E-Book supported by European Social Fund (online available)

Title of Course	AUXILIARY MANAGEMENT IN OPERATIVE DENTISTRY
Course Code	DH-AOPER 408
Duration	11 Hours a week (2 hours classroom teaching/ lecture followed by 9 hours of para-clinical/ auxiliary, preventive and community-based practices)
Campus/ Location Office	OJHA campus
Total Credit Hours	5 Cr. Hours (2 + 3)
Accredited by	ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL COUNCIL PAKISTAN

To fulfil the current MAJOR DISCIPLINARY, FIELD EXPERIENCE AND CAPSTONE PROJECT WORK REQUIREMENTS of the Higher Education Commission, this course has been introduced in the BS-Dental Hygiene Program to get the students acquainted with the dental auxiliary practices in the specialized dental clinics.

The course is placed in 4th year semester VIII and is major course for the BS-DCP Dental Hygiene.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the completion of this course students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the role of dental hygienist in clinical and paraclinical operative and restorative practice
- 2. Take patient history, conduct oral examination and dental charting
- 3. Recognize basic armamentarium of restorative dentistry and set tray for different rotary procedures
- 4. Understand and identify the appropriate management of dental caries and restorative strategies
- 5. Perform preventive and primary restorative procedures such as pits and fissure sealants, fluoride applications and atraumatic restorative treatment using hand instrumentation only required in operative dentistry
- 6. Refer to specialist care and management for restoration that requires rotary instrumentation
- 7. Able to apply rubber dam and maintain dry field during rotary restorative procedures through fourhanded dentistry concept
- 8. Maintain and ensure asepsis, sterilization and cross-infection control during all operatory procedures
- 9. Able to handle, manipulate and mix all types of restorative material during four-handed dentistry operatory procedures
- 10. Understand and perform management of tooth discoloration through non-invasive and non-rotary dental procedures
- 11. Place, replace and remove matrix band for amalgam and other fillings that require rotary operatory procedures
- 12. Finishing, burnishing and carving of fillings
- 13. Perform digital photography and radiography
- 14. Pre-operative and post-operative counselling and oral hygiene instruction and professional maintenance
- 15. Record color shading and matching
- 16. Obtain radiographs of diagnostic quality and distinguish normal from abnormal findings.
- 17. Implement and evaluate measures to minimize occupational hazards in the work place and utilize infection control procedures
- 18. Communicate professional knowledge verbally with specialists and other professionals.
- 19. Provide primary and preventive basic clinical management
- 20. Refer complicated cases to the dentists/ graduate dental surgeons



COURSE PLAN

WEEK	LESSON TOPIC	TEACHING/ ASSESSMENT METHOD
1.	Introduction to operative dentistry Indications for procedures in operative dentistry Purpose of operative dentistry	Clinical assistance and clinical observation
2.	Tooth nomenclature Types, sets, notations Nomenclatures related to dental caries Tooth structure, functions of teeth	History taking, basic information collection and communication
3.	Caries risk assessment Recurrent caries/ secondary caries Current methods in prevention of dental caries	Assisting specialist on chair-side and Handling instruments
4.	Armamentarium Cutting instruments Hand cutting instruments Sharpening of hand instruments Ultrasonic instruments	Infection control while impression taking, transferring model after pouring to the dental laboratory
5.	Clinical Photography both intra-oral and extra-oral Radiography including periapical, bite-wing, OPG etc	Taking care of infection control protocol while tray setting
6.	Tooth preparation using hand instrumentations Dental material selection with hand instrumentationMinimally intervention dentistry Atraumatic restorative treatment Glass ionomer cement handling, manipulation and restoration	Following and implementation of standard operating procedures for infection control and biohazard management Basic and preventive clinical
7.	Patient, operator and auxiliary position solation of operating field Equipment needed for isolation	practice under specialist supervision
8.	Infection control, Instrument processing procedures, Disinfection and sterilization Mid-term exam	Assisting specialist through four- handed dentistry
9.	Matrixing and tooth separationPulp protection	Record keeping and
10.	Interim restorations Material handling and manipulation for interim restoration	maintenance Integrate clinical hours to finish
10.	Tooth hypersensitivity Differential diagnosis	Capstone Project
11.	Management of discolored teethBleaching	
13.	Auxiliary requirements in other types of restorations such as amalgam fillings, composite veneering, in-lays/on-lays etc.	
14.	REVISION	

LEARNING RESOURCES AND TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Handbook of Dental Hygienist handbook of BSc level dental hygiene program. E-Book supported by European Social Fund (online available)
- 2. Jaypee's Textbook of operative dentistry by Nisha Garg and Amit Garg 2nd edition (available online freedownloads)
- 3. Fundamentals of operative dentistry by Scwartz and summit